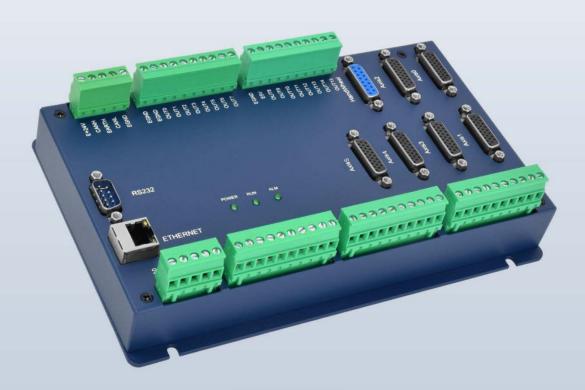


做最好用的运动控制 DO THE BEST TO USE MOTION CONTROL

Network Motion Control Card ECI2618 B













Vision Motion Controller

Motion Controller

Motion Control Card

IO Expansion Module

HMI



Zmotion[®]

The motion controller provides rich interface, and it has excellent motion control performance, which can meet the expansion requirements of various projects.

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For details about the ZMC controller software and the introduction and routine of each command, please refer to the ZBASIC software manual.

Information contained in this manual is only for reference. Due to improvements in design and functions and other aspects, Zmotion Technology reserves the final interpretation! Subject to change without notice!

Pay attention to safety when debugging the machine!

Please be sure to design an effective safety protection device in the machine, and add an error handling program in the software, otherwise Zmotion has no obligation or responsibility for the loss caused.

In order to ensure the safe, normal and effective use of the product, please be sure to read this product manual carefully before installing and using the product.

🖶 Safety Statement

- This chapter describes the safety precautions required for the correct use of this product. Before using this product, please read the instructions for use and correctly understand the relevant information on safety precautions.
- This product should be used in an environment that meets the design specifications, otherwise it may cause equipment damage or personal injury, and malfunctions or component damage caused by failure to comply with relevant regulations are not within the scope of product quality assurance.
- Zmotion will not take any legal responsibility for personal safety accidents and property losses caused by failure to comply with the contents of this manual or illegal operation of products.

Safety Level Definition

According to the level, it can be divided into " Danger " and " Caution ". Failure to operate as required may result in moderate injury, minor injury or equipment damage.

Please keep this guide in a safe place for reading when needed, and be sure to hand this manual to the end user.

		Install
	٠	When the controller is disassembled, all external power supplies used by the
		system should be disconnected before operation, otherwise it may cause
		misoperation or damage to the equipment.
$\overline{}$	٠	It is forbidden to use in the following places: places with dust, oil fume, conductive
Danger		dust, corrosive gas and flammable gas; places exposed to high temperature,
		condensation, wind and rain; places with vibration and shock. Electric shock, fire
		and misuse can cause product damage and deterioration.
_	٠	Avoid metal shavings and wire ends falling into the hardware circuit board during
		installation.
	٠	After installation, ensure that there are no foreign objects on the hardware circuit
Notice		board.
	•	When installing, make it tightly and firmly with the mounting frame.

	• Improper installation of the controller may result in misoperation, failure and fire.				
	Wiring				
	igstarrow The specifications and installation methods of the external wiring of the				
	equipment shall comply with the requirements of local power distribution regulations.				
	 When wiring, all external power supplies used by the system should be disconnected before operation. 				
Danger	When powering on and running after the wiring work is completed, the terminals attached to the product must be installed.				
	 Cable terminals should be well insulated to ensure that the insulation distance 				
	between cables will not be reduced after the cables are installed on the terminal				
	block.				
	• Avoid metal shavings and wire ends falling into the hardware circuit board during				
	installation.				
	• The cable connection should be carried out correctly on the basis of confirming				
	the type of the connected interface.				
	• It should be confirmed that the cables pressed into the terminals are in good				
$\overline{}$	contact.				
Notice	• Do not bundle the control wires and communication cables with the main circuit				
	or power supply wires, etc., and the distance between the wires should be more				
	than 100 mm, otherwise noise may cause malfunction.				
	• If the controller is not installed properly, it may cause electric shock or equipment				
	failure or malfunction.				

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Chapter I Production Information

1.1. Product Information

ECI2618B economical multi-axis motion control card is a kind of network motion control card that belongs to pulse type and modular type. Control card itself supports 10 axes at most, but motion control can be extended to 12 axes to achieve some simple trajectory control requirements, such as, linear interpolation, space arc, helical interpolation, electronic cam, electronic gear, synchronization follow, virtual axes, robotic arm instruction, etc., and real-time motion control can be achieved through optimized network communication protocol.

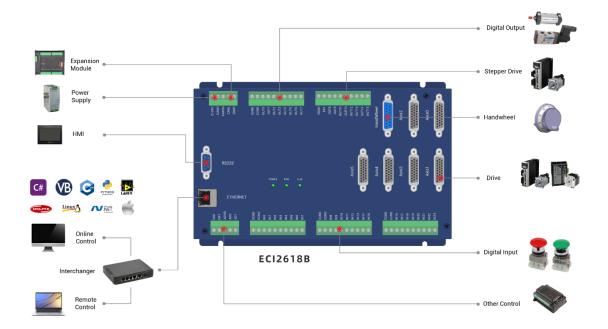
ECI2000 series economical multi-axis motion control card can be used in those pulse applications within 12 axes, such as, electronic semiconductor equipment (testing equipment, assembly equipment, locking equipment, soldering machine), dispensing equipment, assembly line, etc.

1.2. Function Features

- Support motion control of 6 differential pulse axes + 4 single-ended pulse axes (up to 12 axes by expansion module).
- Pulse output mode: pulse / direction or dual pulses.
- AXIS interface supports encoder position measurement, which can be configured as handwheel input mode.
- Specialized handwheel input interface.
- Maximum pulse frequency output of each axis: 10MHZ.
- 256 isolation inputs and 256 isolation outputs can be extended at most through CAN bus.

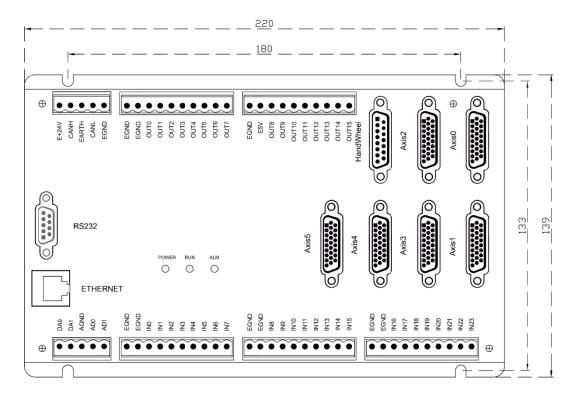
- Axis position limit signal / origin signal port can be configured as any input at will.
- The maximum output current of general digital outputs can reach 500mA, which can directly drive some kinds of solenoid valves.
- Interfaces: RS232, Ethernet, CAN.
- Support linear interpolation, any circular interpolation, helical interpolation of 12 axes at most.
- Support point to point, electronic cam, linear interpolation, circular interpolation, continuous interpolation, robotic arm instructions.
- Multi-file and multi-task programming in ZBasic (RTBasic).
- A variety of program encryption methods to protect the intellectual property rights of customers.

1.3. System Frame



1.4. Hardware Installment

ECI2618B economical multi-axis motion control card adopts the horizontal installation method of screw fixing, and each controller should be installed with 4 screws for fastening.



 \rightarrow Unit: mm \rightarrow Installment Hole Diameter: 4.5mm \rightarrow Thickness: 52mm

[
	• Non-professionals are strictly prohibited to operate. Specifically,
	professionals who had been trained related electrical equipment,
	or who master electrical knowledge.
	• Please be sure to read the product instruction manual and safety
	precautions carefully before installation.
	• Before installation, please ensure that the product is powered off.
Installation	• Do not disassemble the module, otherwise the machine may be
attention	damaged.
	• In order to facilitate ventilation and controller replacement, 2-3cm
	should be left between the upper and lower parts of the controller
	and the installation environment and surrounding components.

• Co	• Considering the convenient operation and maintenance of the			
cc	controller, please do not install the controller in the following			
pl	places:			
a)	places where the surrounding ambient temperature exceeds			
	the range of -10°C-55°C			
b)	places where the ambient humidity exceeds the range of 10%-			
	95% (non-condensing)			
c)	places with corrosive gases and flammable gases			
d)	places with many conductive powders such as dust and iron			
	powder, oil mist, salt, and organic solvents			
e)	direct sunlight installation.			

Chapter II Product Specification

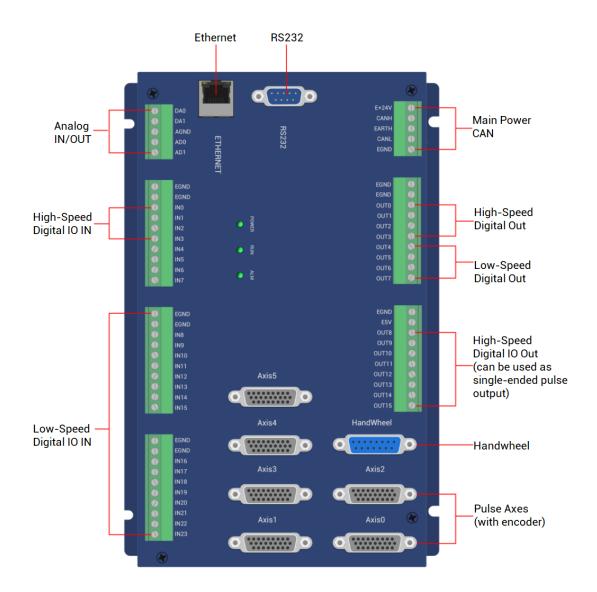
2.1. Basic Specification

Item	Description		
Model	ECI2618B	ECI2A18B	
Basic Axes	6.43/10	6 AXIS + 4 single-ended	
Basic Axes	6 AXIS	pulse axes	
Max Extended Axes	12		
Basic Axes Type	Pulse/encoder		
	General IO: there are 24 in	outs and 16 outputs.	
Digital IO	Axis interface IO: there are	12 inputs and 6 outputs on	
	6 AXIS axis interfaces.		
Max Extended IO	256 inputs, 256 outputs		
AD/DA	2 general ADs and 2 general DAs.		
Max Extended AD/DA	128 ADs, 64 DAs		
PWM	4		
Pulse Bit	32		
Encoder Bit	32		
Speed Acceleration Bit	32		
Pulse Max Frequency	10MHz		
Motion Axis Buffer	128		
Array Space	2000		
Program Space	4KByte		
Flash Space	128KByte		
Power Supply Input	24V DC input		
Communication Interfaces	RS232, Ethernet, CAN.		
Dimensions	220mm*139mm		

2.2. Order Information

Model	Description			
ECI2610B	6 axes, point to point, electronic cam, invalid for interpolation.			
ECI2612B	6 axes, point to point, electronic cam, linear interpolation.			
ECI2618B	6 axes, point to point, electronic cam, linear interpolation, circular			
ECIZOTOB	interpolation, continuous interpolation.			
	6 axes, point to point, electronic cam, linear interpolation, circular			
ECI2618B-HW	interpolation, continuous interpolation, hardware comparison			
	output.			
FCI2A18B	10 axes, point to point, electronic cam, linear interpolation,			
LCIZATOD	circular interpolation, continuous interpolation.			
	10 axes, point to point, electronic cam, linear interpolation,			
ECI2A18B-HW	circular interpolation, continuous interpolation, hardware			
	comparison output.			

2.3. Interface Definition



→ Interface Description

Mark	Interface	Number	Description		
POW	Status Indication	1	Power indicator: it lights when power is conducted.		
RUN		Led			
ALM	Leu	1	Error indicator: it lights when runs abnormally		
RS232	RS232 serial port	1	Use MODBUS_RTU protocol		
ETHERNET	Net port 1		Use MODBUS_TCP protocol, expand Ethernet through interchanger, the number of net port channels can be checked through "?*port", default IP address id 192.168.0.11		

E+24V	Main power	1	24V DC power supplies for controller
CAN	CAN bus interface	1	Connect to CAN expansion module or other standard
CAN			CAN devices.
IN	Digital IO input 24		NPN leakage type, internal 24V supply power.
OUT	Digital IO output	16	NPN leakage type, internal 24V supply power.
AD	Analog input 2		Resolution: 12 bits, 0-10V
DA	Analog output	2	Resolution: 12 bits, 0-10V
AXIS	Pulse axis	6	It includes differential pulse output and differential
AVI2			encoder input
Handwheel	Handwheel 1		5-24V handwheel signal input.

2.4. Work Environment

	ltem	Parameters	
Work Temperature		-10℃-55℃	
Work rela	ative Humidity	10%-95% non-condensing	
Storage	Temperature	-40 $^\circ C$ ~ 80 $^\circ C$ (not frozen)	
Storag	ge Humidity	Below 90%RH (no frost)	
	Frequency	5-150Hz	
vibration	Displacement	3.5mm(directly install)(<9Hz)	
VIDIATION	Acceleration	1g(directly install)(>9Hz)	
	Direction	3 axial direction	
Shock (collide)		15g, 11ms, half sinusoid, 3 axial direction	
Degree of Protection		IP20	

Chapter III Wiring, Communication Configuration

3.1. Power Input, CAN Communication Interface

The power supply input adopts a 5Pin (there are all 5 terminals) screw-type pluggable wiring terminal, and the interval (means the gap distance between two ports) should be 5.08mm. This 5Pin terminal is the power supply shared by controller and CAN communication.

→ Terminal Definition:

Terminal		Name	Туре	Function
		E+24V	Input	Power 24V Input
E+24V CANH		CANH	Input/Output	CAN Differential Data +
EARTH		EARTH	Grounding	Shield
CANL EGND		CANL	Input/Output	CAN Differential Data -
		EGND	Input	24V Power Ground

3.1.1. Power Supply Specification

\rightarrow Specification

Item	Description	
Voltage	DC24V (-5%~5%)	
Current to open	≤0.5A	
Current to work	≤0.4A	
Anti-reverse connection	YES	
Overcurrent Protection	YES	

3.1.2. CAN Communication Specification & Wiring

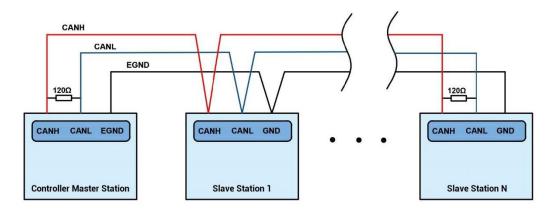
The CAN interface of the controller adopts the standard CAN communication protocol, which mainly includes three ports, CANL, CANH and the public end. And it supports connecting to CAN expansion modules and other standard CAN devices.

\rightarrow Specification

Item	Description	
Max Communication Rate (bps)	1M	
Terminal Resistor	120Ω	
Topology	Daisy chain connection structure	
The number of nodes can be		
extended	Up to 16	
Communication Distance	Longer communication distance, lower	
Communication Distance	communication rate, max 100m is recommended.	

\rightarrow Wiring Reference

Connect the CANL and CANH of the standard CAN module to the CANL and CANH of the other side correspondingly. And public ends of the CAN bus communication both parties are connected together. In CAN bus left and right sides, connect a 120Ω resistor respectively (please see below graphic).

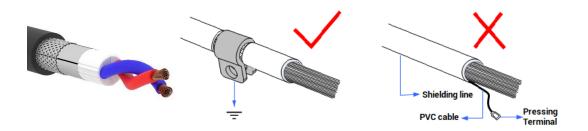


→ Wiring Notes:

- As above, the daisy chain topology is used for wiring (the star topology structure cannot be used). When the use environment is ideal and there are no many nodes, the branch structure also can be used.
- Please connect a 120Ω terminal resistor in parallel to each end of the CAN bus for matching the circuit impedance and ensuring communication stability.
- Please be sure to connect the public ends of each node on the CAN bus to prevent the CAN chip from burning out.
- Please use STP (Shielded Twisted Pair), especially in bad environments, and make sure the shielding layer is fully grounded.
- When on-site wiring, pay attention to make the distance between strong current and weak current, it is recommended for the distance to be more than 20cm.
- It should be noted that the equipment grounding (chassis) on the entire line must be good, and the grounding of the chassis should be connected to the standard factory ground pile.

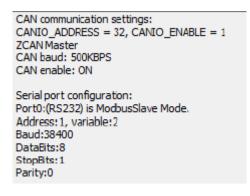
\rightarrow Cable Requirements:

Shielded Twisted Pair, and the shielded cable is grounded.



3.1.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please use ETHERNET or RS232 to connect to ZDevelop.
- (3) Please use the "CANIO_ADDRESS" command to set the master's "address" and "speed" according to the needs, and use the "CANIO_ENABLE" command to enable or disable the internal CAN master function, or through "ZDevelop/Controller/State the Controller/Communication Info" to view the CAN status intuitively, and refer to the "ZBasic Programming Manual" for details.



- (4) Correctly set the "address" and "speed" of the slave station expansion module according to the manual of the slave station.
- (5) After all the settings are completed, restart the power supply of all stations to establish communication.
- (6) Note that the "speed" settings of each node on the CAN bus must be consistent, and the "address" settings cannot cause conflicts, otherwise the "ALM" alarm light will be on, and the communication establishment will fail or the communication will be disordered.

3.2. RS232 Serial Port

RS232 is in one standard DB9 male socket and supports MODBUS_RTU protocol and custom communication.

\rightarrow Interface Definition

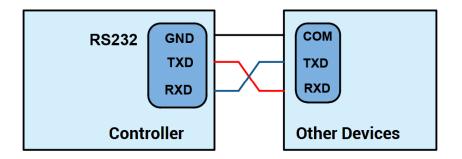
Terminal	PIN	Name	Туре	Function
	1, 4, 6, 7, 8	NC	Spare	Reserved
	2	RXD	Input	RS232 signal, receive data
5 0	3	TXD	Output	RS232 signal, send data
y y	5 GND Output	Output	Negative pole output of 5V power,	
		and output for the public end		
0	0		Output	Positive pole output of 5V power,
	9 E5V Output	maximum is 300mA		

3.2.1. RS232 Interface Specification & Wiring

\rightarrow Specification:

Item	RS232
Maximum Communication Rate (bps)	115200
Terminal Resistor	No
Topology Structure	Connect correspondingly (1 to 1)
The number of nodes can be extended	1
	The Longer communication distance is,
Communication Distance	the lower communication rate is,
	maximum 10m is recommended.

\rightarrow Wiring Reference:



\rightarrow Wiring Notes:

- The wiring of RS232 is as above, it needs to cross-wiring for sending and receiving signals, and it is recommended to use a double-female head cross line when connecting to a computer.
- Please be sure to connect the public ends of each communication node to prevent the communication chip from burning out.
- Please use STP, especially in bad environments, and make sure the shielding layer is fully grounded.

3.2.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please use any ETHERNET or RS232 (there is default parameter, which can be connected directly) to connect to ZDevelop.
- (3) Please use the "ADDRESS" and "SETCOM" commands to set and view the protocol station number and configured parameters, see "ZBasic Programming Manual" for details.
- (4) According to their respectively instructions, correctly set the relevant parameters of the third-party equipment to match the parameters of each node.
- (5) When all is configured, it can start to do communicating.
- (6) Communication data of RS232 can be directly viewed through "ZDevelop / Controller / State the Controller / CommunicationInfo".

CAN communication settings: CANIO_ADDRESS = 32, CANIO_ENABLE = 1 ZCAN Master CAN baud: 500KBPS CAN enable: ON Serial port configuration: Port0:(RS232) is ModbusSlave Mode. Address: 1, variable:2 Baud:38400 DataBits:8 StopBits: 1 Parity:0

3.3. IN Digital Input & High-Speed Latch Port

The digital input adopts 3 groups of 10Pin (there are 3 groups of 10 terminals) screw-type pluggable terminals, and the gap distance between terminals should be 5.08mm. In addition, the high-speed latch function is integrated in digital input signal.

\rightarrow Wiring Definition

Term	inal	Name	Туре	Function 1	Function 2
		EGND /		IO public terminal	/
			/	(don't connect to switch power)	/
	EGND EGND	IN0		Input 0	High Speed Latch 0
	INO IN1	IN1		Input 1	High Speed Latch 1
	IN2 IN3	IN2 NPN type,		Input 2	High Speed Latch 2
	IN4 IN5	IN3	high-speed input	Input 3	High Speed Latch 3
	IN6	IN4		Input 4	/
	IN7	IN5		Input 5	/
		IN6		Input 6	/
		IN7		Input 7	/
		EGND	/	IO public terminal	/
			/	(don't connect to switch power)	/
			NPN type,	Input 8	/
		IN9	low-speed	Input 9	/

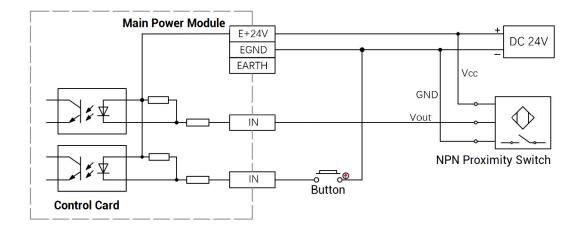
	EGND	IN10	input	Input 10	/
	EGND	IN11		Input 11	/
\bullet	IN8	IN12		Input 12	/
	IN9	IN13		Input 13	/
	IN10	IN14		Input 14	/
	IN11				/
	IN12				
	IN13	IN15		Input 15	
	IN14				
	IN15				
		EGND	/	IO public terminal	/
	EGND	EGND	/	(don't connect to	/
	EGND	LOND	/	switch power)	
	IN16	IN16		Input 16	/
() ()	IN17	IN17		Input 17	/
	IN18	IN18	NPN	Input 18	/
	IN19	IN19	leakage	Input 19	/
	IN20	IN20	type, low-	Input 20	/
	IN21	IN21	speed input	Input 21	/
	IN22 IN23	IN22		Input 22	/
	11123	IN23		Input 23	/

3.3.1. Digital Input Specification & Wiring

\rightarrow Specification

ltem	High-Speed Input (IN0-7)	Low-Speed Input (IN8-23)		
Input mode	NPN type, the input is triggered by ow-electric level			
Frequency	< 100kHz	< 5kHz		
Impedance	3.3KΩ	4.7ΚΩ		
Voltage level	DC24V	DC24V		
The voltage to open	<15V	<14.5V		
The voltage to close	>15.1V	>14.7V		
Minimal current	-2.3mA (negative)	-1.8mA (negative)		
Max current	-7.5mA (negative)	-6mA (negative)		
Isolation mode optoelectronic isolation optoelectronic isolation				
Note: the above parameters are standard values when the voltage of controller power				
supply (E+24V port) is 24V.				

\rightarrow Wiring Reference



\rightarrow Wiring Note:

- The wiring principle of high-speed digital input IN (0-7) and low-speed digital input IN (8-23) are shown in the figure above. The external signal source can be an optocoupler, a key switch or a sensor, etc., all can be connected as long as the requirements on output of electric level can be achieved.
- For the public end, please connect the "EGND" port of IO terminal to the "COM" terminal of the external input device. If the signal area power supply of the external device and the power supply of the controller are in the same power supply system, this connection also can be omitted.

3.3.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please select ETHERNET or RS232 to connect to ZDevelop.
- (3) State values of relative input ports can be read directly through "IN" command, also, it can be read through "ZDevelop/View/In". Please refer to "ZBasic" for details.

0	•	•	rev_in(0)
1	•	•	rev_in(1)
2	•	•	rev_in(2)
3	•	•	fwd_in(0)
4	•	•	fwd_in(1)
5	•	•	fwd_in(2)
6	•	•	alm_in(0)
7	•	•	alm_in(1)
8	•	•	alm_in(2)
9	•	•	
10	•	•	
11	•	•	
12	•	•	

(4) Latch function can be set and triggered through "REGIST" instruction, in software, use REG_INPUTS to configure. Please refer to "ZBasic" for details.

3.4.OUT: Digital Output & PWM Terminal & Hardware Comparison Output & Single-Ended Pulse

The digital output adopts 2 sets of 10Pin screw-type pluggable terminals with a spacing of 5.08mm, and PWM, hardware comparison output, and single-ended pulse axis functions are integrated in digital output signals.

Termin	nal	Name	Туре	Function 1	Function 2	Function 3
		EGND	/	IO Public End	/	/
EGND		EGND	/	10 Fublic Ella	/	/
EGND		OUTO		Output 0	PWM Output 0	Hardware
Ουτο			NPN Leakage	Outrast 1		comparison
OUT1		OUT1	type, high-	Output 1	PWM Output 1	output
OUT2		OUT2	speed output	Output 2	PWM Output 2	
OUT3 OUT4		OUT3		Output 3	PWM Output 3	
OUT5		OUT4		Output 4	/	
OUT6		OUT5	NPN Leakage	Output 5	/	
OUT7		OUT6	type, low-	Output 6	/	
		OUT7	speed output	Output 7	/	
		EGND	/	E5V power ground	/	

\rightarrow Wiring Definition

				/ IO public end		
				Output of 5V		
EGND		E5V		power, max is	/	
E5V	Ŏ			300mA		
OUT8 OUT9		OUT8		Output 8	DIR9	
OUT10		OUT9		Output 9	PUL9	
OUT11	•	OUT10	NPN Leakage type, high- speed output	Output 10	DIR8	
OUT12 OUT13		OUT11		Output 11	PUL8	
OUT14	Ŏ	OUT12		Output 12	DIR7	
OUT15		OUT13		Output 13	PUL7	
		OUT14		Output 14	DIR6	
		OUT15		Output 15	PUL6	
Note:						1

- The E5V power output port is used for PWM or common anode wiring of single-ended axis. It is not recommended for other purposes due to lower power.
- OUT8-15 support functions of axis 6/7/8/9, while using, please do remapping. When ATYPE=0,
 they are general outputs (this function is valid in ECI2A18B).
- "EGND" on input port and output port are IO public ends, they can't be connected to power supply of switch.

3.4.1. Digital Output Specification & Wiring

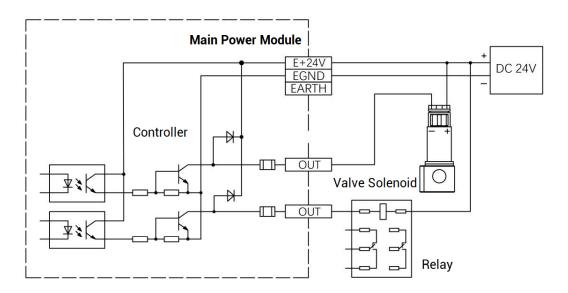
\rightarrow Specification

Item	High Speed Output (OUT0-3, 8-15)	Low Speed Output (OUT4-7)	
Output mode	NPN leakage type, it is 0	V when outputs	
Frequency	< 400kHz	< 8kHz	
Voltage level	DC24V	DC24V	
Max output current	+500mA	+500mA	
Max leakage current	25.14	254	
when off	25μΑ	25μΑ	
Respond time to conduct	1µs (resistive load typical value)	12µs	
Respond time to close	Зµѕ	80µs	
Overcurrent protection	Support	Support	
Isolation method	optoelectronic isolation	optoelectronic isolation	

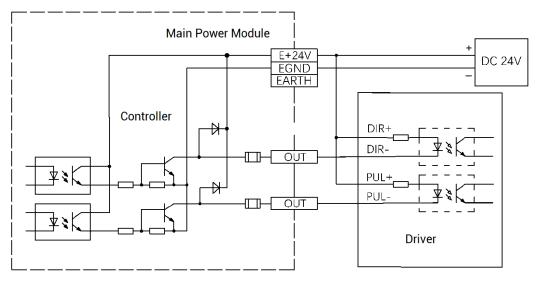
Note:

- The times in the form are typical based on the resistive load, and may change when the load circuit changes.
- Due to the leak-type output, the shutdown of the output will be obviously affected by the external load circuit, and the output frequency should not be set too high in the application. For high-speed output, it is recommended to be lower than 400KHz, for low-speed output, it is recommended to be lower than 8HKz. If there needs higher speed, please contact us to adjust parameter or custom hardware.

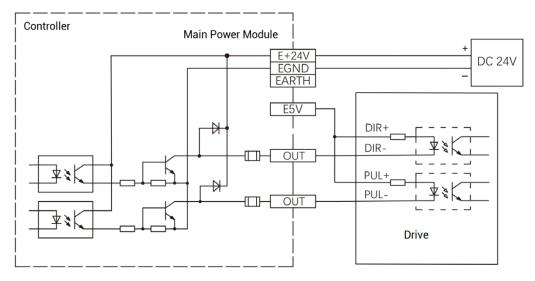
\rightarrow Wiring Reference



\rightarrow Single-Ended Pulse Axis Wiring



24V Stepper Pulse Wiring



5V Stepper Pulse Wiring

\rightarrow Wiring Note:

- The wiring principle of high-speed digital output OUT (0-3, 8-15) and low-speed digital output OUT (4-7) are shown in the figure above. The external signal receiving end can be an optocoupler or a relay or solenoid valve, all can be connected as long as the input current does not exceed 500mA.
- For the connection of the public end, please connect the "EGND" port on the power supply to the negative pole of the DC power supply of the external input device. If the DC power supply of the external device and the controller power supply are in the same power supply system, this connection can also be omitted.

3.4.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please use ETHERNET or RS232 to connect to ZDevelop.
- (3) Open or close output port directly through "OP" command, also, it can be opened or closed through "ZDevelop/View/Op". Please refer to "ZBasic" for details.

Ор	
IO Selec	t
OpO	Op16
Op1	Op17
Op2	Op18
Op3	Op19
Op4	Op20
Op5	Op21
Op6	Op22
Op7	Op23
Op8	Op24
Op9	Op25

- (4) For the PWM function, set the frequency and duty cycle through "PWM_FREQ" and "PWM_DUTY". Please refer to ZBasic for details.
- (5) Single-ended axis remapping (single-ended axis function is integrated in ECI2A18B):

```
for i=6 TO 9 'single-ended pulse axis mapping, map itself address
BASE (i)
ATTPE=0 'set axis type as 0, if no set for low version, it will report an error
BASE (i)
ATTPE=0 'set axis type as 0
AXIS ADDRESS(i)(-1<<16)+i
ATTPE=1 'set axis type as 1, pulse axis
NEXT
```

3.5. AD/DA: Analog Input / Output

The analog port adopts a set of 5Pin screw-type pluggable terminals with a spacing of 5.08mm.

Terminal		Name	Туре	Function
	DA0	DA0	Output	Analog output terminal AOUT (0)
	DA0	DA1	Output	Analog output terminal AOUT (1)
Ŏ		AGND	Public end	Unique analog public end
	AD0	AD0		Analog input terminal AIN (0)
	AD1	AD1	Input	Analog input terminal AIN (1)

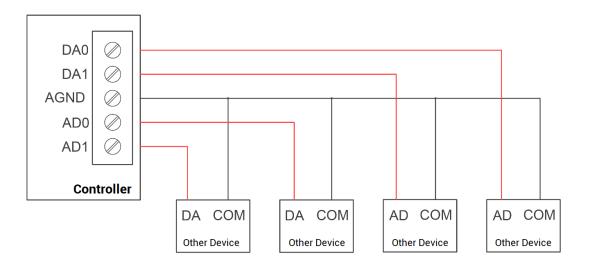
\rightarrow Wiring Definition

3.5.1. Analog Input / Output Specification & Wiring

\rightarrow Specification

Item	AD (0-1)	DA (0-1)
Resolution	12-bit	12-bit
Data range	0-4095	0-4095
Signal range	0V-10V input	0V-10V output
Data refresh	1kHz	1kHz
Voltage input impedance	>300KΩ (voltage input	>1KΩ (voltage output
/ output load	impedance)	load)

\rightarrow Wiring Reference



\rightarrow Wiring Note:

- The analog input/output wiring method is as shown in the figure above, and the external load signal range must match with this signal range.
- Please use STP, especially in bad environments, and make sure the shielding layer is fully grounded.

3.5.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please use ETHERNET or RS232 to connect to ZDevelop.
- (3) Analog input voltage can be read through "AIN" command and corresponding analog voltage can be output through "AOUT" command, also, data of each channel can be checked through "ZDevelop/View/AD/DA". Please refer to "ZBasic" for details.

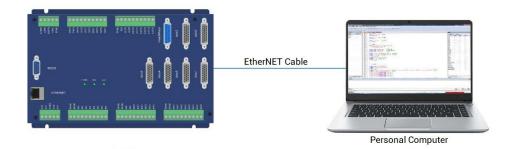
通道号	大小	刻度值	电压或电流值	最大刻度值	电压或电流范围
0	0%	4	0.010	4095	0~10V
1	0%	8	0.020	4095	0~10V
					1
通道号	大小	刻度值	电压或电流值	最大刻度值	电压或电流范围
通道号 0	<u>大小</u> 0%		电压或电流值 0.000	<u>最大刻度值</u> 4095	电压或电流范围 0~10V

3.6. ETHERNET

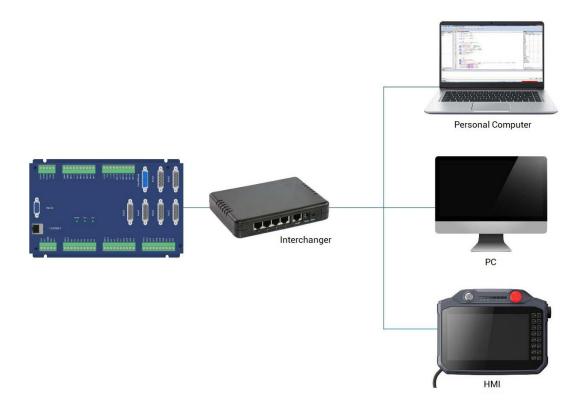
ECI2618B motion controller has an Ethernet port, and it supports MODBUS_TCP protocol and custom communication, and the default IP address is 192.168.0.11. The pin definition is as follows:

PIN	Signal	Description
1	TX+	Send signal (+)
2	TX-	Send signal (-)
3	RX+	Receive signal (+)
4	NC	Reserved
5	NC	Reserved
6	RX-	Receive signal (-)
7	NC	Reserved
8	NC	Reserved

The Ethernet port of the controller can be connected to a computer, HMI, etc. through an Ethernet cable, and using point to point connection method. The schematic diagram is as follows:



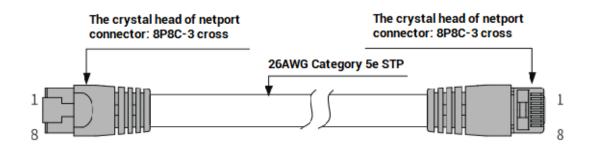
The controller can also be connected to the interchanger through an Ethernet cable, and then use interchanger to connect to other devices, then multi-point connection can be achieved. The schematic diagram is as follows:



\rightarrow Communication Cable Requirements

ETHERNET communication interface adopts standard Ethernet RJ45 interface.

The network cable adopts Category 5e STP, and the crystal head has a metal shell to reduce interference and to prevent information from being eavesdropped. As shown below:



Item	Specification
Cable type	Flexible crossover cable, Category 5e
traverse	twisted pair
Line pairs	4
Isolation	cross skeleton
Connector	Crystal head with iron shell
Cable material	PVC

Cable length	Less than 100m
--------------	----------------

Use RJ45 network cable connection method:

- When installing, hold the crystal head that is with the cable and insert it into the RJ45 interface until it makes a "click" sound (kada).
- In order to ensure the stability of communication, please fix the cables with cable ties.
- When disassembling, press the tail mechanism of the crystal head, and pull out the connector and the module in a horizontal direction.

Please use tube-type pre-insulated terminals and cables with appropriate wire diameters to connect the user terminals.

3.7. Axis Interface

This product provides 6 local differential pulse axis interfaces, each interface is a standard DB26 female socket. Each terminal provides 0V and +5V output, which can provide 5V power for the encoder.

Before the axis is used, the use mode of the axis must be configured through the ATYPE parameter.

Interface Pin Signal Description Negative pole of 24V digital IO 1 EGND power IN24-General input (recommended as 10 2 29/ALM driver alarm) 19 OUT16-General output (recommended as 3 21ENABLE driver enable) Encoder differential input signal A-4 EA-26 9 5 EB-Encoder differential input signal B-18 6 EZ-Encoder differential input signal Z-Positive pole of 5V power of 7 +5V pulse/encoder signal

\rightarrow Interface Definition

	8	Reserved	Reserved
	0	יטוס	Servo or step directional output
	9	DIR+	(differential signal)
	10	GND	Negative pole of 5V power of
			pulse/encoder signal
	11	PUL-	Servo or step pulse output
			(differential signal)
	12	Reserved	Reserved
	10		Negative pole of 5V power of
	13	GND	pulse/encoder signal
	14	OVCC	Positive pole of IO 24V power
	15	Reserved	Reserved
	16	IN30-	Digital input (recommended as on-
		35/INPOS	position signal)
	17	EA+	Encoder differential input signal A+
	18	EB+	Encoder differential input signal B+
	19	EZ+	Encoder differential input signal Z+
	20	GND	Negative pole of 5V power of
	21	GND	pulse/encoder signal
	22	DIR-	Servo or step directional output
			(differential signal)
	00	PUL+	Servo or step pulse output
	23		(differential signal)
	24	GND	Negative pole of 5V power of
			pulse/encoder signal
	25	Reserved	Reserved
	26	Reserved	Reserved
		L	1

Note:

- ENABLE is recommended to be used as axis IO, because the drive capacity is small.
- ♦ OVCC, +5V are only used for communication between the controller and the servo driver, please do not use it as power supply for other places.
- ♦ Except axis 4, other axes are with independent encoder, and axis 10 that is the encoder axis No. of axis 4 is assigned as handwheel axis No. by default.

3.7.1. AXIS Interface Signal Specification & Wiring

\rightarrow Specification:

Signal	ltem	Description	
	Signal type	Differential output signal	
PUL/DIR	Voltage range	0-5V	
	Maximum frequency	10MHz	
	Signal type	Differential input signal	
	Voltage range	0-5V	
	Signal typeDifferential outputVoltage range0-5VMaximum frequency10MHzSignal typeDifferential inputVoltage range0-5VMaximum frequency5MHzMaximum frequency5MHzInput methodNPN leak type, it is trig low electric level iFrequency<5kHz	5MHz	
	Input method	NPN leak type, it is triggered when	
	input metriou	low electric level is input.	
	Frequency	< 5kHz	
	Impedance	6.8ΚΩ	
10124 25	Voltage level	DC24V	
11124-35	The voltage to open	<10.5V	
	The voltage to close	>10.7V	
	Minimal current	-1.8mA (negative)	
	Maximum current	-4mA (negative)	
	Isolation	optoelectronic isolation	
	Output method	NPN leak type, it is 0V when	
	Output method	outputs	
	Frequency	< 8kHz	
OUT16-21	Voltage level	DC24V	
	Maximum current	+50mA	
	Overcurrent protection	No	
	Isolation	optoelectronic isolation	
+5V, GND	Max output current for 5V	50mA	
OVCC, EGND	Max output current for 24V	50mA	

 \rightarrow Wiring References:

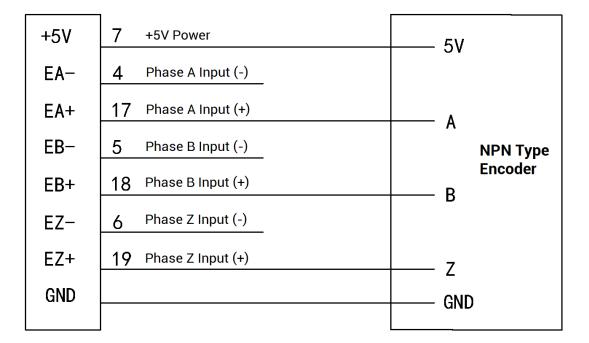
 System				Panasonic A5 /	A6 Servo Dr
nside	[+5V	7 +5V power supply	
			DIR-	22 directional output (-) directional input (-) 47	SIGNH2
	DIR-	→ <u>I</u> ŽIX	DIR+	9 directional output (+) directional input (+) 46	SIGNH1
			PUL-	11 pulse output (-) 45	PULSH
	PUL	+X	PUL+	23 pulse output (+) pulse input (+) 44	PULSH
			EA-		
Vdc -				4 Phase A input (-) Phase A output (-) 22	OA-
50			EA+	17 Phase A input (+) Phase A output (+) 21	OA+
	EB•			5 Phase B input (-) Phase B output (-) 49	OB-
		$+$ γ	EB+	18 Phase B input (+) Phase B output (+) 48	OB+
	EZ•		EZ-	6 Phase Z input (-) Phase Z output (-) 24	OZ-
			EZ+	19 Phase Z input (+) Phase Z output (+) 23	OZ+
	↓ •		GND	10 Digital Ground /// 13	GND
			GND	13 Digital Ground 25	GND
			GND	20 Digital Ground	
			GND	21 Digital Ground	
			GND	24 Digital Ground	
			ovcc	14 external 24V power public end (+) 7	COM+
			ENA	3 drive enable output dirve enable input 29	
					SRV-C
			CLR	15 × × 31	
					A-CLF
24V/	20mA	4.7kΩ			
			INP	16 positioning end input positioning end output 39	
		<u>4.7k</u> Ω			INP+
			ALM	2 drive alarm input drive alarm output 37	
			EGND	1 external power ground public end (-) 41	ALM+
		•		drive alarm output 36	COM-
		×	Spare	8 38	ALM-
		Ŷ	Spare	12	
		×	Spare	25	L
		×	Spare	26 Low-speed Instruction Pulse Wiring Method (below 5	00kpulse/s
		×	<u> </u>	DIR 22 directional output (-) directional input (-)	6
				DIR+ 9 directional output (+) directional input (+)	5
			(twisted) PUL- 11 pulse output (-) pulse input (-)	
			` _	PUL+ 23 pulse output (+) pulse input (+)	
					TLOLS

Reference example of wiring with Panasonic A5/A6 servo driver:

+5V	7 +5V Power	Drive
DIR-	22 Directional Output (-)	
DIR+	9 Directional Output (+)	
PUL-	11 Pulse Output (-)	PUL
PUL+	23 Pulse Output (+)	

PUL/DIR common anode wiring:

EA/EB/EZ single-ended wiring:



\rightarrow Wiring Note:

☆ The wiring principle of the differential pulse axis interface is shown in the figure above, and the wiring methods of different types of drivers are different, please connect carefully.

If the speed can meet the requirements, use low-speed differential pulse port preferentially. When high-speed differential pulse interface is used, controller internal digital ground must be connected to drive high-speed pulse reference ground.

3.7.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After power on, please use ETHERNET or RS232 (default parameter, it can be connected directly) to connect to ZDevelop.
- (3) Set axis parameters, such as, ATYPE, UNITS, SPEED, ACCEL, FWD_IN, REV_IN, etc.
- (4) There are many parameters related to pulse axis, they can be set and checked through relative instructions, please see "axis parameter and axis status" of "ZBasic", or see "ZDevelop/View/Axis parameter".

Axis select	Paramet	er select		
	Axis0	Axis1	Axis2	Axis3
COMMENT				
ATYPE	0	0	0	0
UNITS	1	1	1	1
ACCEL	10000	10000	10000	10000
DECEL	0	0	0	0
SPEED	1000	1000	1000	1000
CREEP	100	100	100	100
LSPEED	0	0	0	0
MERGE	0	0	0	0
RAMP	0	0	0	0
POS	0	0	0	0
MPOS	0	0	0	0

(5) Control corresponding motion through "View - Manual".

Manual															×
Axis	ATYPE	UNITS	ACCEL	DECEL	SPEED	DPOS	LeftVMove	RightVMove	Distance	Absolute		MPOS	IDLE	AXISSTATUS	
0 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	0h	Stop
1 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	Oh	Stop
2 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	0h	Stop
3 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	Oh	Stop
4 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	0h	Stop
5 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	0h	Stop

Refer to BASIC Routine:

BASE(0,1)	'select axis 0 and axis 1
ATYPE = 1,1	'set axis 0 and axis 1 as pulse axes
UNITS = 1000,1000	'set pulse amount as 1000 pulses
SPEED = 10,10	'set axis speed as 100∗1000 pulse/s
ACCEL = 1000,1000	'set axis acceleration as 1000*1000 pulse/s/s
FWD_IN = -1,-1	'prohibit using axis positive hardware position limit
REV_IN = -1,-1	'prohibit using axis negative hardware position limit
MOVE(10) AXIS(0)	'axis 0 moves distance of 10*1000 pulses in positive
MOVE(-20) AXIS(0)	'axis 0 moves distance of 20*1000 pulses in negative

3.8. Handwheel Interface

This product provides one interface that is specialized for local handwheel encoder axis, and the interface is double standard DB15 female socket.

Interface	Pin	Signal	Description	
	1	H-5V	The positive pole of 5V power supply, which	
	I	H-SV	supplies power only for handwheel	
19	2	H-A	Encoder signal phase A (IN36)	
	3	H-B	Encoder signal phase B (IN37)	
	4	H-EMGN	Emergency stop signal (IN47)	
8 15	5	NC	Spare (reserved)	
	6	H-X1	Select the ration as X1 (IN38)	
	7	H-X10	Select the ration as X10 (IN39)	

\rightarrow Interface Definition

	8	H-X100	Select the ration as X100 (IN40)
	9	H-S4	Select axis 3 (IN44)
	10	H-S5	Select axis 4 (IN45)
	11	EGND	External power ground
	12	H-S6	Select axis 5 (IN46)
	13	H-SZ	Select axis 2 (IN43)
	14	H-SY	Select axis 1 (IN42)
	15	H-SX	Select axis 0 (IN41)
Notes [.]		•	

Notes:

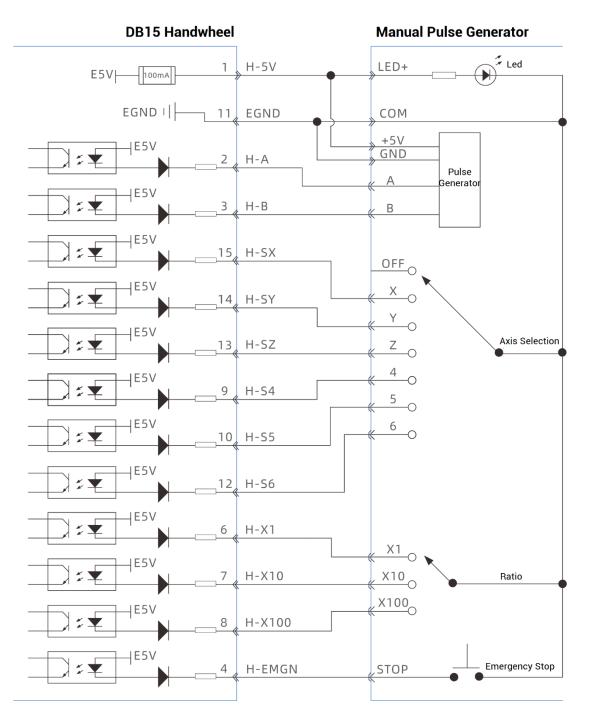
- H-5V power output is only used for handwheel power, please don't use for others. ۶
- All signals in this interface are digital input signal, the No. is IN (36-47). \triangleright

3.8.1. Handwheel Specification & Wiring

\rightarrow Specification

Item	High-Speed IN (36-37)	High-Speed IN (38-47)			
Input Mode	NPN type, input will be triggered when there is low				
Input Mode	electric	level			
Frequency	<100kHz (recommendation)	<5kHz (recommendation)			
Impedance	510Ω	510Ω			
Voltage (max)	24V	24V			
Voltage to open voltage	<2.8	<2.8			
Voltage to close voltage	>2.9V	>2.9V			
Current (min)	-2.3mA (negative)	-1.8mA (negative)			
Current (max)	-7.5mA (negative)	-5.5mA (negative)			
Isolation	optoelectronic isolation	optoelectronic isolation			
The max output current of	100mA	100mA			
5V power (H-5V, EGND)	TUUIIIA	100mA			

 \rightarrow Wiring Reference



\rightarrow Wiring Note

- The wiring principle of handwheel encoder axis interface is shown above, the design of handwheel is very rich, please pay attention to do connection.
- Please use STP, especially in bad environments, and make sure the shielding layer is fully grounded.
- IN36-IN47 on handwheel can be used as 24V general inputs.

3.8.2. Basic Usage Method

1. Refer to above handwheel wiring graphic, correctly connect the handwheel to controller.

2. After powered on, please select ETHERNET or RS232 to connect to ZDevelop.

3. Configure axis No., if there is no default AXIS axis No. (axis 10, 11, 12, 13 are recommended) of controller handwheel interface, remapping must be done. Followings are processes (for ECI2618B (ECI2A18B), handwheel axis is axis 6 by default, axis No. remapping is needed):

4. Configure IO: assign axis selection (H-SX, H-SY, H-SZ, H-S4, H-S5, H-S6) and ratio (H-X1, H-X10, H-X100) and emergency stop (HEMGN) functions as required. These signals are essentially digital input signals with fixed No. but no fixed functions. It needs developing by ZDevelop (the name is the function, like, the axis selection is the connected axis of "connect" synchronization motion, and the ratio is the "connect" ratio).

5. When completed above steps, it can start to use handwheel.

BASIC Routine Reference:

BASE(10)					
ATYPE= 0	'set axis type as 0 (note, error will be reported for low version)				
BASE (6)					
ATYPE= 0	'set axis type as 0				
AXIS_ADDRESS	(10) = (-1<<16) + 6				
BASE(10)					
ATYPE(10) = 3	'set manual pulse axis type as quadrature encoder				
UNITS(10) = 1	'set pulse of manual pulse axis as the unit				
CONNECT(100,1	10) AXIS(0)				
'axis 0 connects to manual pulse axis at the synchronous ration of 100 times					

Chapter IV Expansion Module

The control card can expand digital IO and analogs AD/DA through CAN bus, ZIO series CAN bus expansion modules or ZMIO310-CAN series bus expansion modules can be selected. For details, please refer to corresponding user manuals.

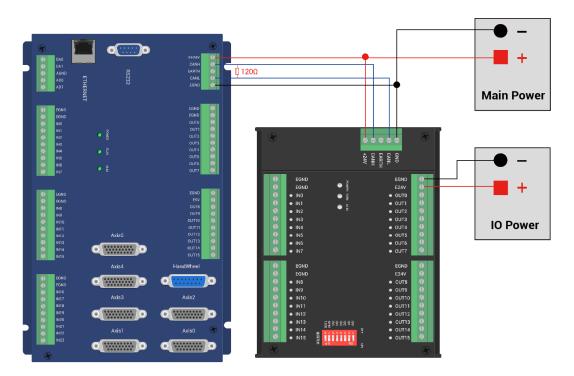
4.1. CAN Bus Expansion Wiring

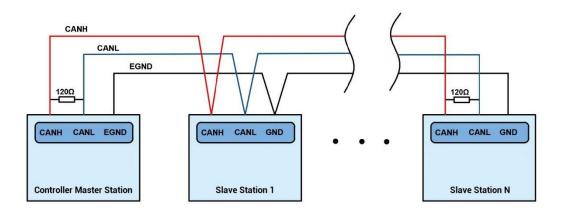
The ZIO expansion module is powered by the dual power supply. Except the main power supply, an additional IO power supply is required to supply independent power for IO. Both the main power supply and the IO power supply use 24V DC power supply. For ZAIO, it only needs to connect to the main power supply.

To prevent interference, separate the IO power supply from the main power supply.

Please select the expansion module according to the requirements, and select IO mapping or axis mapping according to the resources of the expansion module.

Wiring reference of connection between ZIO expansion module and control card and standard wiring of CAN bus are shown as below:





\rightarrow Wiring Note:

- ECI2618B control card uses single-power, and ZIO expansion module uses dualpower. When using, main power supply of expansion module and main power supply of controller can share one power. When they use different power supplies, controller power EGND needs to connect to expansion module power GND, otherwise CAN may be burnt out.
- When connecting multiple ZIO expansion modules on the CAN bus, a 120-ohm resistor needs to be connected in parallel between the CANL and CANH terminals, for the ZIO expansion module that is with 8-digit dialing codes, the terminal resistor can be realized by dialing the code (DIP).

4.2. CAN Bus Expansion Resource Mapping



The ZCAN expansion module generally has an 8-bit DIP switch, dial ON to take effect, and the meaning of the DIP is as follows:

1-4: they are used for ZCAN expansion module IO address mapping, the corresponding value is 0-15.

5-6: CAN communication speed, corresponding value is 0-3, four different speeds are optional.

7: reserved.

8: 120 ohm resistor, dial ON means a 120 ohm resistor is connected between CANL and CANH.

The IO numbers of the entire control system cannot be repeated, and existed numbers must be avoided when mapping resources. And the DIP switch must be dialed before power-on, if re-dial after power-on, it is invalid. It needs to be powered on again to take effect.

Dial 1-4 to select the CAN address, and the controller sets the IO number range of the corresponding expansion module according to the CAN DIP address. When each is dialed as OFF, the corresponding value is 0, when it is ON, it corresponds to a value of 1, and the address combination value = dial 4×8 + dial code 3×4 + dial code 2×2 + dial code 1.

Dial code 5-6 to select CAN bus communication speed, speed combination value=dial code 6 \times 2 + dial code 5 \times 1, the combined value range is 0-3.

DIP 5-6	CANIO_ADDRESS high 8-bit value	CAN communication speed	
combination value		on communication speed	
0	0 (corresponds to decimal 128)	500KBPS (default value)	
1	1 (corresponds to decimal 256)	250KBPS	
2	2 (corresponding to decimal 512)	125KBPS	
3	3 (corresponding to decimal 768)	1MBPS	

The corresponding speeds are as follows:

The controller side sets the CAN communication speed through the CANIO_ADDRESS command. There are also four speed parameters that can be selected. The communication speed must be consistent with the communication speed of the expansion module that corresponds to the combination value, then they can communicate with each other.

The factory default communication speed is 500 KBPS on both sides, there is no need to set this, unless you need to change the speed.

The CANIO_ADDRESS command is a system parameter, and it can set the masterslave end of CAN communication. The default value of the controller is 32, that is, CANIO_ADDRESS=32 is the master end, and the slave end is set between 0-31.

The CAN communication configuration can be viewed in the "State the Controller" window.

\rightarrow IO Mapping:

the CAN expansion module uses bit1-4 of the DIP switch. According to the number of currently included IO points(the largest number in IN and OP must include IO point in

the axis interface), use the bit 1-4 to set the ID, so as to determine the number range of IO to be expanded.

If the controller itself contains 28 INs and 16 OPs, then the starting address set by the first extended board should exceed the maximum value of 28. According to below rule, the dial code should be set to the combination value 1 (binary combination value 0001, from right to left, dial code 1-4, at this time dial 1 is set to ON, and the others are set to OFF), the IO number on the expansion board = the expansion board number value + the initial IO number value, among them, the IOs that are vacant from 29-31 Numbers are not used. Subsequent extended boards continue to confirm the dial settings according to the IO points in turn.

The initial digital IO mapping number starts from 16 and increases in multiples of 16. The distribution of digital IO numbers corresponding to different dial IDs is as follows (expansion board DIP ID of ECI2618B motion control card starts from 2 at least, therefore, starting IO number should start from 48 at least):

DIP 1-4 combination value	Starting IO number	End IO number
0	16	31
1	32	47
2	48	63
3	64	79
4	80	95
5	96	111
6	112	127
7	128	143
8	144	159
9	160	175
10	176	191
11	192	207
12	208	223
13	224	239
14	240	255
15	256	271

The initial IO mapping number of the analog AD starts from 8 and increases in multiples of 8. The initial IO mapping number of the analog DA starts from 4 and increases in multiples of 4. The allocation of digital IO numbers corresponding to different dial code IDs is as follows:

DIP 1-4	Starting AD	End AD	Starting DA	End DA
combination value	number	number	number	number
0	8	15	4	7
1	16	23	8	11
2	24	31	12	15
3	32	39	16	19
4	40	47	20	23
5	48	55	24	27
6	56	63	28	31
7	64	71	32	35
8	72	79	36	39
9	80	87	40	43
10	88	95	44	47
11	96	103	48	51
12	104	111	52	55
13	112	119	56	59
14	120	127	60	63
15	128	135	64	67

\rightarrow Axis Mapping:

When the CAN bus expansion mode is used to expand the pulse axis, 2 pulses axes are extended. These two pulse axes need to be mapped and bound with the axis No., then access.

Extended axes need to perform axis mapping operations, using the AXIS_ADDRESS command to map, and the mapping rules are as follows:

AXIS_ADDRESS(axis No.)=(32*0)+ID

'the local axis interface of the expansion module AXIS 0

AXIS_ADDRESS(axis No.)=(32*1)+ID

'the local axis interface of the expansion module AXIS 1

The ID is the combined value of the DIP bit1-4 of the expansion module. After the mapping is completed and the axis parameters such as ATYPE are set, the expansion axis can be used.

Example:
ATYPE(6)=0

'set as virtual axis

AXIS_ADDRESS(6)=1+(32*0)

'ZCAN expansion module ID 1 axis 0 is mapped to axis 6 ATYPE(6)=8 'ZCAN extended axis type, pulse direction stepping or servo UNITS(6)=100 0 'pulse equivalent 1000 SPEED(6)=100 'speed 100uits/s ACCEL(6)=1000 'acceleration 1000units/s^2 MOVE(100) AXIS(6) 'extended axis movement 100units

Extended resource viewing:

According to the CAN connection, after the power is turned on, and the wiring resistance dial code is set correctly, the power indication led (POWER) and the running indication led (RUN), the IO power indication led (IO POWER) are on, and the alarm indication led (ALM) is off. At the same time, the "Controller" - "State the controller" - "ZCanNodes" in the ZDevelop software displays the expansion module information and the extended IO number range.

The dial ID and the corresponding resource number when connecting multiple expansion modules are as follows:

■ 控制器状态 ×						
CanID	硬件ID	轴数	输入	輸出	AD	DA
Local	4205-11(ECI2610)	6	48(0-47)	22(0-21)	2(0-1)	2(0-1)
2	32(ZIO 16 16)	0	16(48-63)	16(48-63)	0	0
3	4064(ECI0064)	2	32(64-95)	32(64-95)	0	0
5	10(ZAIO0802)	0	0	0	8(48-55)	2(24-25)
基本信息	基本信息 ZCan节点 通讯配置					

ALMRM indicator light is on, please check whether the wiring, resistor and dial setting are correct, and whether the CANIO_ADDRESS command of the controller is set as the master end (32), and whether the CAN communication speed is consistent.

Chapter V Expansion Module

5.1. ZDevelop Software Usage

ZDevelop is a PC-side program development, debugging and diagnostic software for the ZMoiton series motion controllers of Zmotion Technology. Through it, users can easily edit and configure the controller program, quickly develop applications, diagnose system operating parameters in real time, and watch the motion controller. The running program is debugged in real time and supports Chinese and English bilingual environments.

ZBasic, ZPLC and ZHMI can run multi-tasks, and ZBasic can run multi-tasks, and can be mixed with ZPLC and ZHMI.

Step	Operations	Display Interface			
1	Open ZDevelop,	ZDevelop V3.10.10			
	click "File" –	<u>File</u> <u>Controller</u> <u>Edit</u> <u>View</u> <u>Project</u> <u>D</u> ebug <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp			
	"New Project", Save as window	New File Ctrl+N Open File Ctrl+O Save All Image: Ctrl + O			
	will pop up, then	New Project			
	enter file name, save the project	Open Project Close Project			
	file with suffix	Print Setup			
	"zpj.".	1 C:\Users\\列表例程.zpj 2 C:\Users\\test.zpj 3 C:\Users\\single_move.zpj 4 C:\Users\\滾动条.zpj Exit			
		I 新帝为 Save as X			
		← → × ↑ ■ → 此地版 → v 0 酸素 出地版 → 2 0 酸素 出地版 * 2			
		世地館 小			
		保存类型①: ZMC Project Files (*zp) v			
		▲ 隐藏文件夹			

2	Click "File" –	ZDevelop V3.10.10 - C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Example.zpj
	2 Click "File" – "New File", select file type to build, here select Basic, click "OK".	Eile Controller Edit View Project Debug Window Help New File Ctrl+N Open File Ctrl+O Image: Second S
		Exit
		NewFile X
		Basic Plc Hmi OK Cancel
3	Double click	FileView 4
	"AutoRun", enter task number 0.	FileName AutoRun Basic1.bas 0 Plc1.plc

	1	
4	Edit the	Single_move - ZDevelop V3.10.10 - C:\Users\Ad
	program in	File Controller Edit View Project Debug V New File Ctrl+N
	program editing	Open File Ctrl+O
		Close File
	window, click	Close All
	"save", new	Save Ctrl+S
	built basic file	Save As Make Lib
	will be saved	Save All
	under "zpj."	New Project
		Open Project
	project	Close Project
	automatically.	Print Ctrl+P
	"Save all"	Print Preview
	means all files	Print Setup
	under this	1 C:\Users\\single_move.zpj
		2 C:\Users\\Example.zpj 3 C:\Users\\列表例程.zpj
	project will be	4 C:\Users\\test.zpj
	saved.	Exit
5	Click "controller	
5		E Basic1 - ZDevelop V3.10.10 - C:\Users\Administra File Controller Edit View Project Debug Wi
	– connect", if no	Connect Ctrl+Alt+C
	controller,	Disconnect Ctrl+Alt+D
	select connect	Connect to simulator Ctrl+ALt+S
	to simulator.	State the controller
		Label Reset the controller
		System Time
		Modify IP address
		Download RAM
		Download ROM
		Compare Project
		Lock Controller Unlock Controller
	Then, "connect	Connect to Controller serial port ×
	to controller"	COM 1 V 38400 V No Parity V 0 V Connect AutoConnect
	window will pop	
	up, you can	IP 127.0.0.1 💌 500 💌 Connect IP Scan
	select serial	PCI/Local Disconnect Disconnect
	port or net port	Native IP: 192.168.0.55 ▼ OK Cancel
	to connect,	
	select matched	
	serial port	
	port port	

	parameters or	
	net port IP	
	address, then	
	click "connect".	
6	Click	Output Output Down to Controller Ram Success, 2023-02-27 14:26:12, Elapsed time: 31ms.
	"Ram/Rom" –	Down to controller Ram Success, 2023-02-27 14.20.12, Blapsed time. Sims.
	"download RAM	
	/ download	Command: Send Capture Clear Output Find Results
	ROM", if it is	
	successful,	Output
	there is print	Down to Controller Rom Success, 2023-02-27 14:26:48, Elapsed time: 47ms.
	indication, at	
	the same time,	Command: Send Capture Clear
	program is	Output Find Results
	downloaded	
	into controller	
	and runs	
	automatically.	
	RAM: it will not	
	save when	
	power off. ROM:	
	it will save data	
	when power off,	
	and when the	
	program is	
	connected to	
	controller again,	
	running	
	according to	
	task number.	

7	Click "Debug" –	s\Administrator\Desktop\Example.zpj	
	"Start/Stop	<u>D</u> ebug <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	
Debug" to cal		Compile All	
	"Task" and	Start/Stop Debug Ctrl+F5	
	"Watch"	Go F5	
		Step Into F11	
	window,	Step Over F10	
	because it was	Step Out Shift+F11	
	downloaded	Run to Cursor Ctrl+F10	
	before, here	Toggle Breakpoint F9	
	select "Attach	Kill All Breakpoints	
	the current".	Edit Breakpoints	
		Troubleshooting	
		Bus state diagnosis	
		Enter Debug X	
		Select enter mode	
		C Down ram again	
		C Down rom again	
		O No download, Reset	
		Attach to current	
		OK Cancel	
8	Click "View" –	Scope	
	"Scope" to open	Config Start Scope Stop 1 Min:0.00 Max:0.00	
		XScale: 1000 YT mode V << 2 Min:0.00 Max:0.00	
	oscilloscope.	Continuous acquisition 🔽 Follow 🗌 Show cursor	
		Trigger Import Export show Index Source Offset YScale	
Note:			

- When opening an project, choose to open the zpj file of the project. If only the Bas file is opened, the program cannot be downloaded to the controller.
- When the project is not created, only the Bas file cannot be downloaded to the controller.
- The number 0 in automatic operation represents the task number, and the program

runs with task 0, and the task number has no priority.

• If no task number is set for the files in the entire project, when downloading to the controller, the system prompts the following message WARN: no program set autorun

5.2. PC Upper-Computer Program Application

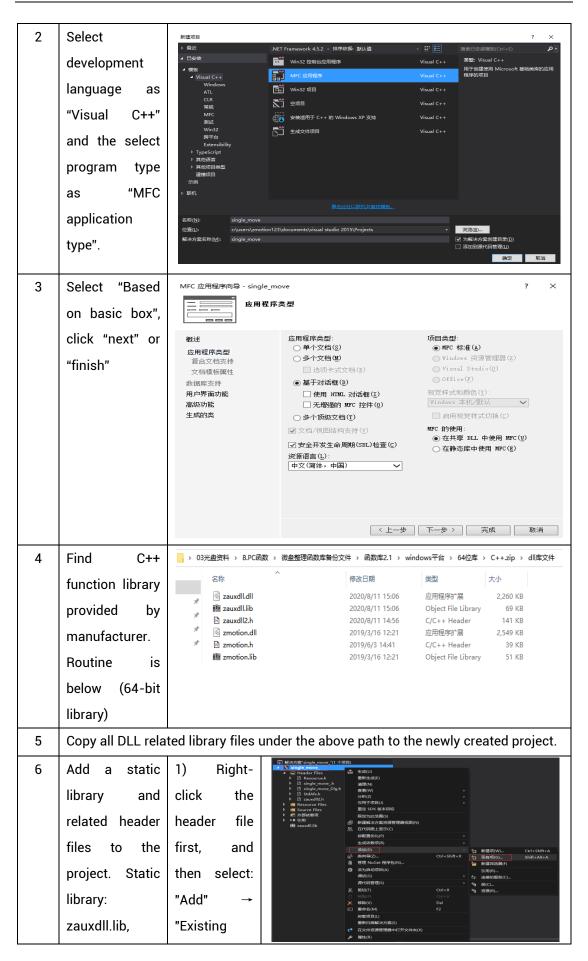
The controller supports development under various operating systems such as windows, linux, Mac, Android, and wince, and provides dll libraries in various environments such as vc, c#, vb.net, and labview, as shown in the figure below. PC software programming refers to "ZMotion PC Function Library Programming Manual".



The program developed using the PC software cannot be downloaded to the controller, and it is connected to the controller through the dll dynamic library. The dll library needs to be added to the header file and declared during development.

Step	Operations	Display Interface			
1	Open VS, click	▶ 赵诒页 - Microsoft Visual Studio			
	"File" – "New" –	文件(F) 編編(E) 视图(V) 调试(D) 团队(M) 工具(T) 体系结构(C) 测试(S) 分析(N) 窗口(W) 新建(N) <			
	"Project".	打开(O) ・ ・ ・			
		図			

The c++ project development process in VS is as follows:



z	zmotion.lib	ltem".							
r	Related header	aitata hh (C						×	
	Related Treader	2) Add static	+ + - + 🔂 🕹 🛤	緒 → work (D:) → ZMotion → test	> MFC > Merge > Merge	· ·	ひ 漫家"Merg		P
			组织 ▼ 新建文件夹	~				iii • 🛄	0
T	files:	libraries and	日 文档 メ ヘ	名称 西 Merge.vcxproj	修改日期 2020/11/9 11:00	受型 VC++ Project	大小 11 KB		^
			📙 flash	Merge.vcxproj.filters	2020/11/9 11:00	VC++ Project Fil_	2 KB		
7	zauxdll2.h,	related	e test e 会议资料	MergeDlg.cpp	2020/11/9 11:00 2020/11/9 11:00	CPP 文件 H 文件	3 KB 1 KB		
-	uuxun2,	related	0 小程序	ReadMe.txt	2020/11/9 11:00	<u>文本文相</u> 日 文住	4 KB		
_			Microsoft Visual	Kesource.h	2020/11/9 11:00 2020/11/9 11:00	H 文件 CPP 文件	1 KB		
Z	zmotion.h	header files	Projects	😭 stdafich	2020/11/9 11:00	H 文件 H 文件	2 KB		
			△ WPS网盘	argetver.h	2020/11/9 11:00 2020/8/11 15:06	H 文件 应用程序扩展	1 KB 2.260 KB		
		in anguanaa	三 出电路	i zauxdil.lib	2020/8/11 15:06	Object File Library			
		in sequence	Win10 (C:)	Zauxdll2.h	2020/8/11 14:56 2019/3/16 12:21	H 文件 应用程序扩展	141 KB 2,549 KB		
			work (D:)	Zmotion.h	2019/6/3 14:41	H文件	39 KB		
		in the pop-up	•		2019/3/16 12:21	Object File Library	51 KB		
			文件名	(N): zmotion.h			 所有文件(*) 活加(A) 		×
		window.					794(54) A	400	
fi tl c h	Declare the relevant header files and define the controller connection handle, so far the project is newly created.	<pre>single_move_Digrep * * Single_move_Digrep * * if single_move_Digrep * * if include "stdafx.h" #include "single_move_ls.h" #include "single_move_Dig.h" #include "zauxdll2.h" if include "zauxdll2.h" if include THIS_FILE static char THIS_FILE[] =FILE; #endif ///////////////////////////////////</pre>							

Chapter VI Run and Maintain

The correct operation and maintenance of the device can not only guarantee and extend the life cycle of the equipment itself, but also take technical management measures according to the pre-specified plan or the corresponding technical conditions to prevent equipment performance degradation or reduce the probability of equipment failure.

6.1. Regular Inspection and Maintenance

The working environment has an impact on the device. Therefore, it is usually inspected regularly based on the inspection cycle of 6 months to 1 year. The inspection cycle of the device can be appropriately adjusted according to the surrounding environment to make it work within the specified standard environment.

Check item	Check content	Inspection standards	
power supply	Check whether the voltage is rated	DC 24 V (-5%~5%)	
	Whether the ambient temperature is within the specified range (when installed in the cabinet, the temperature inside the cabinet is the ambient temperature) Whether the ambient humidity is	-10°C - 55°C	
surroundings	whether the ambient number of whether the specified range (when installed in the cabinet, the humidity in the cabinet is the ambient humidity)	10%-95% non-condensing	
	Is there direct sunlight	No	
	With or without droplets of water, oil, chemicals, etc.	No	
	Whether there is dust, salt, iron filings, dirt	No	
	Whether there is corrosive gas	No	
	Whether there are flammable and explosive gases or articles	No	

	Whether the device is subjected to vibration or shock	Should be within the range of vibration resistance and impact resistance	
	Is the heat dissipation good	Keep good ventilation and heat dissipation	
	Whether the basic unit and the expansion unit are installed firmly	The mounting screws should be tightened without loosening	
Installation and Wiring Status	Whether the connecting cables of the basic unit and the expansion unit are fully inserted	The connection cable cannot be loosened	
	Are the screws of the external wiring loose	Screws should be tightened without loosening	
	Whether the cable is damaged, aged, cracked	The cable must not have any abnormal appearance	

6.2. Common Problems

Problems	Suggestions		
	6. Check whether the ATYPE of the controller is correct.		
	7. Check whether hardware position limit, software		
	position limit, alarm signal work, and whether axis		
	states are normal.		
	8. Check whether motor is enabled successfully.		
	9. Confirm whether pulse amount UNITS and speed		
Matar daga pat ratata	values are suitable. If there is the encoder feedback,		
Motor does not rotate.	check whether MPOS changes.		
	10. Check whether pulse mode and pulse mode of drive		
	are matched.		
	11. Check whether alarm is produced on motion		
	controller station or drive station.		
	12. Check whether the wiring is correct.		
	13. Confirm whether controller sends pulses normally.		
The position limit signal is	1. Check whether the limit sensor is working normally,		

involid		and whether the "input" view are watch the simel
invalid.		and whether the "input" view can watch the signal
		change of the limit sensor.
	2.	Check whether the mapping of the limit switch is
		correct.
	3.	Check whether the limit sensor is connected to the
		common terminal of the controller.
	1.	Check whether the limit sensor is working normally,
		and whether the "input" view can watch the signal
		change of the limit sensor.
No signal comes to the	2.	Check whether the mapping of the limit switch is
input.		correct.
	3.	Check whether the limit sensor is connected to the
		common terminal of the controller.
	1.	Check whether IO power is needed.
The output does not work.	2.	Check whether the output number matches the ID of
		the IO board.
	1.	Check whether the power of the power supply is
	1.	sufficient. At this time, it is best to supply power to
POWER led is ON, RUN led		
		the controller alone, and restart the controller after
is OFF.	0	adjustment.
	2.	Check whether the ALM light flickers regularly
		(hardware problem).
RUN led is ON, ALM led is	1.	Program running error, please check ZDevelop error
ON.		code, and check application program.
	1.	Check whether the serial port parameters are
		modified by the running program, you can check all
		the current serial port configurations
Fail to connect controller		through ?*SETCOM.
to PC through serial port.	2.	Check whether the serial port parameters of the PC
		match the controller.
	3.	Open the device manager and check whether the
		serial driver of the PC is normal.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.	Check the CAN wiring and power supply circuit,
CAN expansion module		whether the 120 ohm resistor is installed at both
cannot be connected.		ends.
	1	

	2.	Check the master-slave configuration,
		communication speed configuration, etc.
	3.	Check the DIP switch to see if there are multiple
		expansion modules with the same ID.
	4.	Use twisted-pair cables, ground the shielding layer,
		and use dual power supplies for severe interference
		(the main power supply of the expansion module and
		the IO power supply are separately powered)
	1.	Check IP address of PC, it needs to be at the same
Fail to connect controller to PC through net port.		segment with controller IP address.
	2.	Check controller IP address, it can be checked and
		captured after connection through serial port.
	3.	When net port led is off, please check wiring.
	4.	Check whether controller power led POWER and
		running indicator led RUN are ON normally.
	5.	Check whether the cable is good quality, change one
		better cable to try again.
	6.	Check whether controller IP conflicts with other
		devices.
	7.	Check whether controller net port channel ETH are all
		occupied by other devices, disconnect to other
		devices, then try again.
	8.	When there are multiple net cards, don't use other net
		cards, or change one computer to connect again.
	9.	Check PC firewall setting.
	10.	Use "Packet Internet Groper" tool (Ping), check
		whether controller can be Ping, if it can't, please
		check physical interface or net cable.
	11.	Check IP address and MAC address through arp-a.